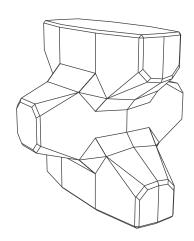


ACCROPODE[™]

"The benchmark in single-layer armouring technology"





ACCROPODE™

Single-layer system for breakwater armouring

Background

The ACCROPODE™ is the first single-layer artificial armour unit developed by Sogreah (ARTELIA). Widely used, this technology has proved to be successful on a great number of breakwater projects worldwide. Technical assistance is systematically provided on all ACCROPODE™ projects.

Hydraulic stability

Good hydraulic stability shown in extensive physical scale-model testing.

Specified stability coefficients at design stage:

- Hudson's design KD values:
 - 15 on trunk sections
 - 11.5 on roundheads
- -Van der Meer stability number

$$N_S = H_S/(\Delta D_{n50}) = 2.7$$

where

 H_S = Significant wave height

 Δ = Relative mass density

 $D_{n50} = Nominal diameter$



2D tests

These coefficients are valid for armour slopes from 3H/2V to 4H/3V. However for breaking waves and a seabed slope greater than 1%, lower values shall apply.

Proven structural robustness

During the development stage, finite-element methods and full-scale drop tests were conducted to check the sturdiness of the unit using ordinary mass concrete.

Experience on many projects has demonstrated the excellent behaviour of the ACCROPODE™.



3D tests

Concrete strength specifications for placing the units

	Min. compressive strength Fc at 28 days	Min. tensile strength Ft at 28 days
Unit volume ≤ 4.0 m³	25 MPa	2.5 MPa
Unit volume > 4.0 m ³	30 MPa	3.0 MPa

Drop tests conducted at development stage



Practical formwork

· Quick stripping and assembly of the two shells

Simple casting

- Min. area required to cast one unit of height H: 1.50H2
- Min. compressive concrete strength recommended at stripping: 6 MPa for units \leq 4 m³, 7 MPa for sizes between 5 m³ and 15 m³ and 10 MPa for sizes >15 m³
- Typical daily standard production rate: one unit per mould

Storage and handling

- · Forklifting is effective for handling small to medium size units
- · Large units are handled by sling
- ACCROPODE[™] units can be stored one on top of the other
- Min. area required to store 10 units on one level: 8H² where $H = ACCROPODE^{TM}$ unit height
- Min. compressive concrete strength recommended for handling units: 15 MPa for units \leq 4 m³ , 20 MPa for sizes between 5 m³ and 15 m³ and 25 MPa for sizes > 15 m³

Fast placement

Principle: each unit placed in a random attitude to obtain the specified packing density, using GPS.

Proper packing provides adequate coverage on breakwater slope: $\frac{Na}{A} = \emptyset V_{accr}^{-2/3}$

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Na = Number of armour units

A = Unit area of breakwater slope

 \emptyset = Packing density V_{accr} = ACCROPODETM unit volume

Placement rates (using cable cranes)

	Average placing time per unit
$0.8 \text{ m}^3 \le \text{Unit volume} \le 3.0 \text{ m}^3$	5 to 8 mins
$4.0 \text{ m}^3 \leq \text{Unit volume} \leq 9.0 \text{ m}^3$	9 to 12 mins
Unit volume ≥ 12.0 m³	I2 to 20 mins

NB: higher rates can be obtained using hydraulic placing equipment with small size units.

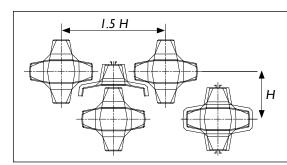


Form ready for casting





Hauling large units with a low trailor



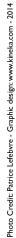
Plan layout of casting arrangement



Placement in progress

Armouring being completed

















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